ZERION PAR-060

Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd.

353200.KS

Paradigm Alignment Report

AI server substrates, high-speed networking boards, memory/HBM ecosystem, and semiconductor packaging complexity

Initial Draft | September 2026 | Based on Zerion Paradigm Alignment Manual v1.8

Field	Assessment
Company	Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd.
Ticker	353200.KS
Market / Asset Type	Korea equity / PCB and package substrates
Primary Asset / Network	Semiconductor package substrates, high-end PCBs, server/network boards, memory and non-memory substrate exposure
Zerion Classification	Paradigm Enabler / Advanced PCB and Substrate Participant
Paradigm	AI server substrates, high-speed networking boards, memory/HBM ecosystem, and semiconductor packaging complexity
Report Status	Initial PAR draft; not investment advice

Investment Objective Lens: Zerion analysis seeks credible exponential opportunities. The aim is to identify 10x candidates, while treating a credible 5x path as the minimum initial threshold for deeper work when uncertainty and optionality justify it.

1. Executive Summary

Daeduck Electronics is aligned with the electronics substrate layer that supports AI and high-speed computing. However, the path depends heavily on whether it can capture high-end mix rather than remain exposed to cyclical PCB/substrate pricing.

Under the Zerion v1.8 framework, Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd. is assessed as a paradigm enabler / advanced pcb and substrate participant. The core question is not simply whether the theme is attractive. The key Zerion question is whether this company sits close enough to the bottleneck to capture economic value as the paradigm expands.

Initial view: PAR 7.6 / 10, PAM 7.0 / 10, and CFF 66 / 100. The 5x status is Possible if advanced PCB/substrate cycle turns upward. The 10x status is Conditional; requires strong position in high-end AI/HBM substrate bottlenecks.

Sources: [S1], [S2], [S3]

2. Current Market and Evidence Snapshot

Metric	Snapshot
Ticker	353200.KS
Company / Asset	Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd.
Primary paradigm	AI server substrates, high-speed networking boards, memory/HBM ecosystem, and semiconductor packaging complexity
Latest source refresh	September 2026 web/IR source check
Market data note	Point-in-time market data should be refreshed before investment use.
Evidence base	Official IR pages, financial reports, investor materials, and market/filing sources listed in Source Register.

Evidence highlights:

- Official financial-information pages list 2026 earnings releases.
- Korean substrate supply chains support AI servers, memory, and network infrastructure.
- The thesis depends on high-end mix, customer qualification, and cycle timing.

3. Zerion Score Summary

Framework	Score	Interpretation
PAR	7.6 / 10	Strong structural alignment with the identified paradigm.
PAM	7.0 / 10	Adoption and capital validation score based on disclosed operating evidence and market recognition.
CFF	66 / 100	Survivability score; higher is better.
Confidence	Medium	Confidence reflects source quality, disclosure depth, and uncertainty around timing and value capture.

4. Paradigm Overview

The paradigm being evaluated is ai server substrates, high-speed networking boards, memory/hbm ecosystem, and semiconductor packaging complexity. This is a structural lens rather than a sector label. The analysis asks how the company reduces friction, where it sits in the value chain, who depends on it, and whether capital markets can participate in the upside.

Zerion logic: Paradigm -> Friction reduction -> Adoption -> Ecosystem formation -> Value capture -> Inversion. For Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd., the strongest positive case depends on direct exposure to bottleneck demand and evidence that pricing, mix, or utilization can translate the theme into retained economics.

5. PAR Assessment

PAR measures structural alignment with a meaningful paradigm shift. Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd. receives an initial PAR score of 7.6 / 10.

PAR Component	Weight	Score	Weighted Contribution	Rationale
Paradigm Strength	15%	8.0	1.20	Structural importance of the underlying paradigm.
Friction Reduction	15%	7.8	1.17	Degree to which the company removes a bottleneck or coordination cost.
Commercial Readiness	20%	7.5	1.50	Evidence that products and customers are already commercial, not merely conceptual.
Ecosystem Potential	15%	7.6	1.14	Ability to sit inside a broader value chain with complements and repeat customers.
TPO	15%	7.4	1.11	Size and durability of the total paradigm opportunity.
EPC	20%	7.7	1.54	Ability to capture value from the paradigm rather than merely participate in it.
Total	100%		7.7 / 10	Structural alignment assessment.

6. PAM Assessment

PAM Component	Weight	Score	Rationale
Commercial Adoption	25%	7.3	Evidence of customer use, revenue conversion, product adoption, or order/backlog visibility.
Ecosystem Expansion	25%	7.0	Ability to expand into adjacent customers, use cases, products, regions, or system layers.
Institutional Validation	25%	6.9	Public disclosure, investor attention, exchange listing, supplier/customer validation, or strategic relevance.
Capital Momentum	25%	6.7	Market recognition, valuation support, funding access, and evidence that capital is migrating toward the paradigm.
Total	100%	7.0	Adoption and capital confirmation assessment.

7. CFF Assessment

CFF Component	Weight	Score	Comment
Technology Validation	20%	78	Technology/product category is commercially relevant, but depth of moat varies by company.
Commercial Viability	15%	74	Revenue path exists, while cycle timing and margin durability require monitoring.
Funding & Liquidity	15%	71	Public listing and operating scale support resilience, subject to capex and working-capital needs.
Regulatory & Political Risk	10%	54	Country, export-control, customer, safety, labor, and industrial-policy risks may affect outcomes.
Governance & Management	10%	64	Execution record and disclosure quality are important to verify.
Trust & Credibility	10%	72	Customer qualification and reliability can create trust, but failures can be costly.
Ecosystem Dependence	10%	60	Depends on customers, suppliers, capex cycles, utilities, logistics, and upstream materials.
Competitive Threat	10%	59	Competition can appear through substitutes, capacity additions, internalization, or lower-cost entrants.
Total	100%	66	Overall survivability assessment.

8. PLS: Paradigm Lifecycle Stage

Layer	Stage	Interpretation
Core product market	Expansion / Validation	Demand is linked to a visible structural trend, but cycle timing matters.
Customer ecosystem	Validation to Expansion	Customers increasingly need the function, but the strength of pricing power must be watched.
Capital-market recognition	Expansion	The market has recognized the theme, which improves validation but can increase valuation risk.
10x pathway	Emergence to Validation	The 10x case requires more than good operations; it requires durable bottleneck economics.

9. SAM: Stakeholder Alignment Matrix

Stakeholder	Alignment	Reason
Customers / OEMs	High	They need reliable components, materials, equipment, or systems to scale the paradigm.
Suppliers	Medium-High	Input suppliers benefit from volume but may create bottlenecks or cost pressure.
Capital markets	Medium-High	Theme recognition supports valuation, but high expectations can become a risk.
Regulators / governments	Mixed	Industrial policy can help strategic sectors while adding export, safety, energy, or localization constraints.

Competitors	Mixed-Low	They validate the market but threaten pricing, share, and margins.
End users	Indirect but positive	End users benefit through better compute, energy, automation, connectivity, or productivity.

10. TPO and EPC

TPO - Total Paradigm Opportunity. TPO measures the size of the economic field affected by the paradigm, not only the company's current revenue base.

- AI data centers and compute infrastructure
- Semiconductor complexity and advanced manufacturing
- Electrification, power density, grid and automation demand
- Customer qualification, reliability, and supply-chain resilience
- Regional localization and strategic industrial capacity

EPC - Economic Participation Capacity. Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd. can capture value if it controls scarce capability, owns customer qualification, sustains margins, scales capacity prudently, and avoids value leakage to customers, suppliers, or competitors.

The EPC question is central: a company can be correct about the future yet fail to capture the economics if the bottleneck shifts elsewhere or if products commoditize.

11. Inversion Analysis: What Can Go Wrong?

The thesis weakens materially if any of the following occur:

- PCB/substrate downturn or inventory cycle continues.
- High-end substrate demand is captured by stronger competitors.
- Margin recovery lags revenue recovery.
- Valuation already reflects too much of the future, limiting shareholder returns even if the company executes well.
- Capital intensity rises faster than free cash flow or return on invested capital.
- A stronger competitor captures the bottleneck or customers dual-source aggressively.

12. 10x / 5x Underwriting Lens

Underwriting Test	Formula / Question	Illustrative Result
5x hurdle	Current market value x 5	Requires sustained structural compounding and credible value capture.
10x hurdle	Current market value x 10	Requires the company to become a much larger bottleneck/platform than the market currently discounts.
Required thesis quality	TPO x EPC x survivability	Large opportunity must translate into retained economics.
Primary question	Can this participant capture value?	Paradigm growth alone is insufficient.

The 5x case for Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd. is Possible if advanced PCB/substrate cycle turns upward. The 10x case is Conditional; requires strong position in high-end AI/HBM substrate bottlenecks. These are not price targets; they are underwriting thresholds used to decide whether deeper Zerion-style research is justified.

13. Scenario Analysis

Scenario	Description	Key Conditions	Illustrative Multiple
Bull / 5x+	Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd. becomes a durable bottleneck participant in its paradigm.	Strong demand, pricing power, execution, customer qualification, and margin discipline.	5x+
Base	The company compounds with the structural theme but does not fully escape cyclicality.	Solid growth, some margin pressure, valuation stays reasonable.	2x-3x
Bear	The theme is real but economics disappoint shareholders.	Demand slows, product commoditization, customer pressure, FX/geopolitical risk, or valuation compression.	0.4x-0.8x

14. REI Dashboard

Risk Area	Early Warning	Escalation	Resolution / Positive Signal
Demand cycle	Order growth slows or inventories rise	Revenue decline or utilization weakness	Orders convert into revenue with stable lead times
Margin / pricing	Gross margin starts compressing	Structural margin reset	Mix upgrade offsets costs and price pressure
Capacity / capex	Capex rises ahead of visibility	ROIC falls materially	New capacity qualifies and fills with profitable demand
Customer concentration	One/few customers dominate growth	Customer loss or bargaining power	Customer diversification with sticky qualifications
Competition	New entrants or customer insourcing	Share loss or commoditization	Technology and execution maintain advantage
Regulation / geopolitics	Export, China, Korea/Taiwan/Japan policy risk rises	Sales restrictions or supply interruption	Diversified footprint and clear compliance path

15. TVI Dashboard

Thesis Area	Evidence That Strengthens Thesis	Evidence That Weakens Thesis
Paradigm demand	Order/revenue growth remains above sector average with good visibility.	Demand is revealed as inventory-driven or cyclical.
Value capture	Margins improve or remain resilient as mix upgrades.	Customers capture most economics through pricing pressure.
Bottleneck status	Capacity remains tight, qualified and strategically important.	Capacity additions or substitutes commoditize the layer.
Ecosystem position	Customer relationships deepen and product categories expand.	Key customers dual-source or insource.
5x path	Earnings and valuation support a credible long-term compounding path.	Starting valuation or cyclicality overwhelms operating progress.

16. Source-Checked Notes

The most important distinction in this report is between paradigm evidence and shareholder-return evidence. Company IR pages, filings, and financial-result materials support the existence of the operating exposure. They do not by themselves prove the 5x or 10x outcome.

For this batch, market data and financial figures should be refreshed before investment use. The PAR score measures structural alignment; it should be combined with valuation, financial modeling, liquidity checks, and position sizing.

17. Initial Zerion Conclusion

Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd. deserves a PAR report because it participates in a meaningful structural shift: ai server substrates, high-speed networking boards, memory/hbm ecosystem, and semiconductor packaging complexity.

The correct Zerion question is not simply whether the company is good. The better question is whether the company can own enough of the bottleneck to turn paradigm growth into retained economics.

Final Initial View	Assessment
PAR	Strong
PAM	Moderate-to-Strong
CFF	Moderate-to-Strong
10x Status	Conditional; requires strong position in high-end AI/HBM substrate bottlenecks
5x Status	Possible if advanced PCB/substrate cycle turns upward
Next Work	Build revenue-driver model, margin/capex bridge, customer concentration tracker, valuation hurdles, and REI/TVI monitoring dashboard.

Bottom line: Daeduck Electronics Co., Ltd. is a strong Zerion PAR candidate. The central follow-up is valuation versus verified bottleneck economics.

Source Register

ID	Source
S1	https://www.daeduck.com/en/content/financialinformation.do
S2	https://www.daeduck.com/ko/board/earnings.do
S3	https://m.irgo.co.kr/IR-COMP/353200
S4	Additional market data snapshot and exchange/company disclosure pages checked September 2026; refresh before investment use.

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